AA1 ALVAR AALTO



Historical product of 1932.

Alvar Aalto's **sofa bed** is a mostly unknown part in the biography of the finnish master. Towards the end of the 1920'ies Aalto adhered to the germanic influenced Functionalist Movement and in 1929 took part in the CIAM congress about the "Exhistenzminimum" at Francfort where he got in contact witch Gropius, Moholy-Nagy and Giedion. It was also Siegfried Giedion who called on him for a collection he realized for Wohnbedarf and then put in production a chair as well as the adjustable sofabed which, in fact, reflects perfectly the principles of economy, simplicity of use and "lightness" in the figurative sense recommanded at Francfort. The sofa, slightly modified on Giedion's advice, was presented at Stocarda in 1932 and on the occasion of the Universal Exposition at Bruxelles in 1935.

TYPE / SOFAS

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Sofabed, numbered piece.

Structure in tubular chromed steel, armrests in solid wood black lacquer. Inclination of seat and back are adjustable, up to 180° to become a bed. Removable cover in fabric or leather.



DESIGNER

ALVAR AALTO

From 1927 to 1935 Alvar Aalto worked on two buildings which were to become the masterpieces of his juvenile period and contribute to his fame on an international level: the Municipal Library of Viipuri and the Paimio Sanatorium. In these constructions of rationalistic imprint, Aalto succeeded in introducing the defining character of organic architecture as exemplified in the use of form and material which eventually led to a new understanding of architecture. Based on the experience with the furniture designed for these two buildings, Aalto together with both his wife Aino and Maire Gullichsen, founded the Artek trademark in 1935 that specialized in the production of warped wood furniture achieved through new techniques developed by Aalto. From this point on, his biography is rich with events and success, ranging from the design of a simple sauna stool in birch to urbanistic projects such as the Säynätsalo Island and the reconstruction plans for Rovaniemi. He was also responsible for numerous projects abroad, including the M.I.T. dormitory in Cambridge, MA (USA) and the Riola Church near Bologna, Italy. Outside his homeland, however, the organic approach to architecture was intended as a pure relationship between manmade projects and nature. Alvar Aalto died in 1976 at the age of 78.



COVER FINISHINGS

FABRICS



D_D03 Ubaye

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SMOOTH LEATHERS





H35 Grigio Chiaro



Notte

NUBUCK



SMOOTH ECO-LEATHERS



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EMBOSSED ECO-LEATHERS



STRUCTURE FINISHINGS

METALS



501 Cromo naturale

DIMENSIONS

Sofa bed

